## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

## To <br> The Members of <br> ASC Consulting Private Limited

Report on audit of the Financial Statements

## Opinilun

We have audited the financial statements of ASC Consulting Private Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss, Statement of Cash Flow, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles gencrally accepted in India, of the state of aflains uf lie cumpany ds at March 31, 2023, its profit and cash flows for the year ended on that date.

## Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the financial information in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ("SA") specified under section 143 (10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act, and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe
that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the financial statements.

## Responsibility of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial

 StatementThe Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in Section $134(5)$ of the Act, with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance of the Company, Statement of Equity and cash flows of the company in accordance with the accounting prinriples generally arrepted in India, including the Arrounting Standards sperified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

## Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an
auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misslatement of the findmidid stalements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances; but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management \& Board of Director's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However,
future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in audit of the financial statements of current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extreme rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

## Report On other Legal \& Regulatory Requirements

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub section(11) of section 143 of the Act and on the basis of such checks of the books and records of the company, as we considered appropriate and according to the information \& explanation given to us, we give in the Annexure " A ", a statement on the matters specified in Paragraph 3 and 4 of the order, to the extent applicable.

As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
(a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
(b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
(c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, statement of equity and the Cash Flow Starement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
(d) The aforesaid financial statements comply with the Arcounting Standards sperified under Section 133 of the Act.
(e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
(f) Reporting on the adequacy of the Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, under Section 143 (3)(i) of the Act is not applicable in view of exemption available to the Company in terms of the notification no G.S.R 583(E) dated June 13, 2017 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India, read with general circular No 08/2017 dated July 25, 2017.
( g ) In our opinion and to the best of our information and explanations given to us, section 197 of the Act is not applicable on Private company i.e. remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the ycar. Accordingly, this clause is not applicable.
(h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
i) The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact on its financial position.
ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts having any material foreseeable losses for which provision was required to be made under the applicable law or accounting standard.
iii) There are no amounts required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company
iv.) (a) Management has represented to us that, to the hest of it's knowledge and heliff, nn funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
(b) Management has represented to us that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries:
(c) Based on our audit procedure conducted that have been considered reasonable and apprnpriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our attontion that cauco us to believe that the representation given by the management under paragraph (2) (h) (iv) (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.
v) The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year.

## For SAPR \& Co LLP

Chartered Accountants
FRN: N500111

## Mrown

Madhu Ranjan Duggal
Partner
Membership No 087075 (ni)


Place: New Delhi ${ }^{*}$
Date: 05/09/2023

UDIN: 23087075 BHAWRJ3758

## ANNEXURE "A" TO AUDITORS' REPORT

The Annexure referred to in Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company on the standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023, we report that:
i. a) The company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situations of Fixed assets on the basis of information avaidable.
b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the fixed assets have been physically verified by the management on annual basis which in our opinion is at reasonable intervals. As per information no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification and the same has been properly dealt with in the books of account.
c) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the record's of the company, the title deeds of immovable properties are held in the name of the Company.
ii. a) The Company does not have any inventory and hence reporting under clause 3 (ii)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
b) According to the intormation and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of account, the Company has sanctioned working capital limits in excess of ` 5 crore, in aggregate, at any points of time during the year, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets.
iii. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of account, the company has made investment in a subsidiary company during the year and provided loans, secured or unsecured to companies, other than firms, limited liability partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013.
iv. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of account, the company has not granted any loans, guarantees and securities to any directors as per section 185, further the company has not made any investment under section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013, hence reporting under clause 3 (iv) of the order is not applicable. However, the company has given loans to the subsidiary company during the year.
v. Based on our scrutiny of the company's records and according to the information and explanations given to us, in our opinion, the Company has not accepted deposit from the public within the provisions of Section 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed there under.
vi. According to the information and explanations given to us, sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013, pertaining to maintenance of cost records as prescribed by Central Government, is not applicable to the company.
vii. a) The company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues with appropriate authorities including Provident Fund, Tax deducted at source, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise, VAT, Cess and any other statutory dues applicable to it. According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no undisputed statutory dues outstanding as at March 31, 2023 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no disputed statutory dues payable in respect of Income Tax, Sales-tax, Service Tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise, VAT, GST, cess which are outstanding as at March 31, 2023.
viii. There were no dues payable to any financial institution or bank or government or Debenture holders during the period. Therefore, the provisions of clause (viii) of paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the company.
ix. According to information and explanation given to us, the company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans during the period covered by this report. Hence, requirement of sub-clause (ix) of the order are not applicable.
x. Based upon the audit procedures performed and information and explanations given by the Management, we report that no fraud have been noticed or reported by the company and no fraud on the company has been noticed or reported by its officers or employees during the year under audit.
xi. Section 197 read with Schedule V of the companies Act, 2013 related to Director's remuneration is not applicable as it is a private limited company. Further, company has not paid remuneration to their director. Thus, this clause is not applicable.
xii. In our opinion, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Therefore, the provisions of clause 4 (xii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, provisions as specified in the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable.
xiii. In our opinion, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 and the details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
xiv. According to information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review. Accordingly, section 42 of the Companies Act 2013 is not applicable.
xv . According to information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into non- cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him.

Accordingly, provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act 2013 are not applicable.
xvi. In our opinion, the company is not required to be registered under section 45 IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and accordingly, the provisions of subclause (xvi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
xvii. According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements, the Company has not incurred rash Insses in the limancial year and in the immediately preceding financial year.
xviii 'I'here has heen non resignation of the slatutory auditnrs during the year and accordingly the provision of Clause (xviii) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
xix. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of onc year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
xx. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, the provisions of Section 135 of the Act does not apply to the Company and accordingly, the provisions of Clause (xx) of paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

## For SAPR \& Co LLP

Chartered Accountants
FRN: N500111

## 1 mum

## Madhu Ranjan Duggal

Partner
Membership N 0487075

Place: New Delhi
Date: 05/09/2023

UDIN. 23087 UTSHAWRJジ758

| Name of Assessee | $:$ ASC Consulting Private Limited |
| :--- | :--- |
| Date of Incorporation | $: 19 / 04 / 2004$ |
| Address | $: 73$, National Park, Lajpat Nagar-IV, New Delhi- 110024 |
| Status | $:$ Private Limited Company |
| PAN | $:$ AABCI3939A |
| Previous Year | $: 2022-23$ |
| Assessment Year | $: 2023-24$ |

## INCOME FROM BUSINESS OR PROFESSION

Amount in Rs.
Net Profit as per Profit \& Loss Account Attached
$4,95,52,703$
40,260
-
$1,0 n, 05,100$
$20,10,322$
464
$79,47,048$
$(77,899)$
$27,55,517$
: ASC Consuting Private Limited
Date of Incorporation
: 19/04/2004
Status $\quad:$ Private Limited Company
Previous Year
: 2022-23

Add: ESI contribution of employees paid after due date Adu: Duniaturn
Add• Tirpreriation as per Companies Act 2013
Add. Inteiest un TD3
Less: Income Under Uther Heads
Less: Speculative Income
Less: Depreciation as per Income Tax Act 1961
$27,55,517$
5,09,83,976
Income from Speculative Business
$(77,899)$
Income from Business or Profession
5,09,83,976
Income from Capital Gains
Long Term Capital Gains
Shnrt Term Canpital Gains
12,39,579
1,38,972

Income form Other Source
Interest on IT Refund
Dividend Income
Interest on Current Account
Interest on Fixed Deposit
$(11,00,607)$
ross Total Income
Less : Deduction Under 80G
Total Taxable Income(Rounded Off)
5,89,31,024

Tax Payable @ $22 \%$ under section 115BAA
Tax on STCG u/s 111A @15\%
Taxu/s 112A on LTCG
Taxu/s LTCG (Other) @20\%
Add: Surcharge @ 10\%
Tax Liability
Education Cess @ 4\%
Nel Tax Ladillity

| $5,89,31,024$ |
| ---: |
| $50,02,550$ |
| $5,39,28,474$ |
| $1,18,33,690$ |
| - |
| 3,897 |
| $1,18,37,587$ |
| $11,83,759$ |
| $1,30,21,346$ |
| $5,20,854$ |
| $1,35,42,200$ |
| $1,61,08,238$ |
| $(25,66,038)$ |

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of ASC Consulting Private Limited

Finc ASC C nmulteina P
Anju Agarwal Director Director

## For AS $\mathbb{C}$ Coggultsing Pvt. Ltd. Faizan Ahmed <br> Director <br> DIN: 02951416 <br> Directar

Balance Sheet for the year ended 31st March 2023
Rs. In " $0000^{\text {" }}$

| 退 | Notes | 31 March 2023 In Rs. | 31 March 2022 In Rs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Equities and Liabilities |  |  |  |
| Shareholders' Fund |  |  |  |
| Share Capital | 3 | 42,785 | 42,785 |
| Reserves and Surplus | 4 | 1,16,446 | 80,705 |
|  |  | 1,59,232 | 1,23,490 |
| Non-Current Liabilities |  |  |  |
| Long Term Borrowings | 5 | 87,229 | 1,56,333 |
|  |  | 87,229 | 1,56,333 |
| Current Liabilities |  |  |  |
| Trade Payable | 7 |  |  |
| Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises |  | 1.58,102 |  |
| Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micrn enterprises and small enterprises |  |  | $59,511$ |
| Other Current Llabilities | 8 | $67,090$ | $37,143$ |
| Short Term Provisions | 9 | 13,542 | 12,058 |
| Delericel Tax Assels (Llab) | , | - 13,542 |  |
|  |  | 2,38,734 | 1,80,825 |
| Toul |  | $4,85,194$ | 4,60,648 |
| Assets |  |  |  |
| Non-Current Assets |  |  |  |
| Property, Plant \& Equipments and Intangible Assets |  |  |  |
| Property, Plant \& Equipment | 10 | -7,533 | 8,908 |
| Non Current Investments | 11 | 91,950 | 68,813 |
| Deferred Tax Assets (net) | 6 | 1,571 | 1,840 |
| Long Term Loans and Advances | 12 | 2,26,977 | 35,421 |
|  |  | 3,28,032 | 1,14,981 |
| Current Assets |  |  |  |
| Inventories | 13 |  |  |
| Trade Receivables | 14 | 68,364 | 1,29,993 |
| Cash and Bank Balances | 15 | 52,555 | 25,829 |
| Short-Term Loans and Advances | 12 | $17,514$ | 17,007 |
| Other Current Assets | 16 | 18,729 | 1,72,837 |
|  |  | 1,57,163 | 3,45,667 |
| Total |  | 4,85,194 | 4,60,648 |

Summary of significant accounting policies

As per our report of even date

Auditor'S
SAPR \& Co LLP
ihartered Accountants

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of ASC Consulting Private Limited


UDIN: 23087075 B HAWRJ3758


Place: New Delhi
Date: 05/09/2023

Place: New Delhi
Date: 06/09/2023

| Profit and loss for the year ended 31st March 2023 | Rs. In "000" |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Notes | 31 March 2023 In Rs. | $31 \text { March } 2022$ In Rs. |
| Revenue |  |  |  |
| Revenue from Operations (net) | 17 | 33,01,905 | 12,34,197 |
| Other Income | 18 | 7.869 | 6,997 |
| Total revenue (I) |  | 33,09,774 | 12,41,195 |
| Expenses |  |  |  |
| Cost of Consumables | 19 | 31,03,590 | 10,75,433 |
| Employee Benefit Expenses | 20 | 64,690 | 57,311 |
| Finance Costs | 21 | 3,283 | 2,002 |
| Depreciation and Amortization Expenses | 22 | 2,010 | 3,308 |
| Other Expenses | 23 | 86,607 | 54,686 |
| Total Expenses (II) |  | 32,60,181 | 11,92,740 |
| Proft before Exceptional and Extraordinery Items |  | 49,593 | 48,455 |
| Priur Purlud Erpunous |  | 40 | , |
| Excoptional and Brtraordinnry Item3 |  |  |  |
| Profit Before Tax |  | 49,553 | 48,448 |
| Tax Expenses $\quad 4$ |  |  |  |
| Current Tax |  | 13,542 | 12,032 |
| Deferred Tax Liability/(Assets) | 6 | 269 | 9 |
| Total Tax Expenses |  | 13,811 | 12,041 |
| Profit for the year from continuing operations |  | 35,741 | 36,407 |
| Earnings Per Equity Share |  |  |  |
| [Nominal value of share Rs. 10 (31 March 2022 Rs 10)] |  |  |  |
| Basic |  |  |  |
| Computed on the basis of profit from continuing operations | 24 | 8.35 | 8.51 |
| Summary of significant accounting policies | 2.1 |  |  |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.
As per our report of even date

Auditor'S
SAPR \& Co LLP
Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of ASC Consulting Private Limited


For ASC \&ifund ising Pvi. Lid.
Director nin nn501943 Diractif

Uirecto:
Place: New Delhi
Date: 06/09/2023

Place: New Delhi Date: 06/09/2023

| Cash flow statement for the year ended 31 March 2022 |  | Rs. In "000" |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 31 March 2023 In Rs. | 31 March 2022 In Rs. |
| Cash Flow From Operating Activities |  |  |  |
| Net Profit Before Tax |  | 49,553 | 21,768 |
| Add: Depreciation |  | 2,010 | 3,836 |
| Add: Finance Cost |  | 3,283 | 2,759 |
|  |  | 54,846 | 28,363 |
| Changes in working Capital requirements |  |  |  |
| (Increase)/Decrease in Trade receivable |  | 61,629 | 8,707 |
| (Increase)/Decrease in Inventory |  |  |  |
| (Increase)/Decrease in Short Term Loans \& Advances |  | (506) | 18,331 |
| (Increase)/Decrease in Other Current Assets |  | 154,108 |  |
| Increase/(Decrease) in other Current Liabilities |  | 29,947 | 5,670 |
| Increase/(Decrease) in Short Term Provsions |  | 1,485 | 12,058 |
| Increase/(Decrease) in Trade Payable |  | 26,478 | 19,344 |
|  |  | 327,986 | 92,471 |
| Less:Taxes Paid |  | $(13,542)$ | $(5,765)$ |
| Cash Flow From Operating Activities | A | 314,443 | 86,706 |
| Cash Flow From Investing Activities |  |  |  |
| Purchase Of Property, Plants \& Equipments |  | (862) | $(1,181)$ |
| Sale Of Property, Plants \& Equipments |  | 1,440 |  |
| Purchase of Investments |  | $(23,138)$ | $(9,617)$ |
| Prior Period Adjestment |  | $(1,214)$ |  |
| Long Term Loans \& Advances given/received |  | $(191,556)$ | $(42,813)$ |
| Cash Flow From Investing Activities | B | $(215,330)$ | $(53,611)$ |
|  |  |  |  |
| Issue of Share Capital |  |  |  |
| Proceed from Borrowing |  | $(69,104)$ | 156,333 |
| Repayment of Borrowing |  |  |  |
| Finance Cost |  | $(3,283)$ | $(2,002)$ |
| Cash Flow From Financing Activities | C | $(72,387)$ | $\underline{\text { 154,330 }}$ |
| Cash \& Cash Equivalents During the Year | A+B+C | 26,727 | 187,426 |
| Add: Cash \& Cash Equivalents Last Year |  | 25,829 |  |
| Total Cash \& Cash Equivalents |  | 52,555 | 187,426 |
| Summary of significant accounting policies | 2.1 |  |  |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.
As per our report of even date

Auditor'S
SAPR \& Co LLP
Chartered Accountants


For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of ASC Consulting Private Limited

Statement of Equity for the year ended 31st March 2023

| Particulars | Share Capital | Share Premium | General Reserve | Retained Earnings | Statutory Reserve | Total Equity attributable to Equity Shareholders |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance in the beginning of the year 01/04/2020 | - | - |  | 45,726 | - | 45,726 |
| Changes in Equity for the year | - | - |  |  | - |  |
| Net Profit for the Current Year | - | - |  | 16,127 | - | 16,127 |
| Balance at the end of the year 31/03/2021 | - | - |  | 61,853 | . | 61,853 |
| Balance in the beginning of the year 01/04/2021 | 21,393 | - |  | 61,853 | - | 83,246 |
| Changes in Equity for the year |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net Profit for the Current Year |  | - |  | 36,407 | - | 36,407 |
| lselit of Homus Ghate | 21,393 | - |  | $(21,393)$ |  |  |
| Balance at the end of the year 31/03/2022 | 42,78.5 | $\cdot$ | - | 76,868 | - | 1,19,653 |
| Balance in the beginning of the year 01/04/2021 Changes in Equity for the vear | 42,785 | - | - | 76,868 |  | 1,19,653 |
| Net Profit for the Current Year Issue of Bonus Share |  |  | - | 35,741 |  | 35,741 |
| Dalance al the end ul'the yeal $\$ 1 / 03 / 2022$ | 42,185 | - | - | 1,12,buy |  | 1,35,394 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.
As per our report of even date

## SAPR \& CO LLP

Chartered Accountants


Partner
M. No. 087075

FRN.i N500111

Place: New Delhi Date: 06/09/2023


For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of ASC Consulting Private Limited

For ASC Conutsing Pvt. Ltd.
Anju Agarwal
Director
DIN: 00501943 Dieder


DIN: 02951416
Wincor
Place: New Delhi
Date: 06/09/2023

Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2023

## 1 Nature of operations

Company is engaged in the business of providing Professional consultancy in the fields of Taxation, Company Law Matters, Sale Tax, Service Tax, Value Added Tax, Accountancy, Costing, Financing, Marketing, Secretarial Services and Trading of DGFT Scrips.
2 Basis of preparation
These financial statements have been prepared to comply in all material aspects with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) in India, Indian Actuunting Slandards as prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 7 of companies (Accounts) rules, 2014. These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention on anaccrual basis. The accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a revision is required for compliance of statute.

### 2.1 Significant Accounting Policies

## i) Uavu Uf Ealimatua

The preparation of che fildalial statements in conlurmily wilh Lienerally Accepted Accounting Principles requires management of the Company to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures relating to contingent liabilities as of the date of the financial statements and the results of operations during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based upon management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results could differ from these estimates.

## ii) Inventory

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost or net realisable value. Cost is determined on First in First out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

The Company provides for obsolete and slow-moving inventory based on management estimates of the usability of inventory.
iii)Property, Plant and Equipment

## a) Initial Recognition

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impainment lusses.
The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises:
a) its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates.
b) any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.
c) the initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located, the obligation for which an entity incurs either when the item is acquired or as a consequence of having used the item during a particular period for purposes other than to produce inventories during that period.
Income and expenses related to the incidental operations, not necessary to bring the item to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management, are recognised in profit or loss.
If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted and depreciated for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment. Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in profit or loss
b) Subsequent Recognition

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company.

## c) Depreciation

Depreciation is provided using the written down value method as per the rates prescribed under schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

| Description | Schedule II Useful <br> Life | Rates as per <br> Companies Act <br> $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Computer | 3 | $63.16 \%$ |
| Office Equipments | 5 | $45.07 \%$ |
| Building | 30 | $9.50 \%$ |
| Vehicles | 8 | $31.23 \%$ |
| Fixture and Furniturs | $1 \cap$ | $7.589 \%$ |

iv) Amortisation of intangiblo aceate

Cost relating to software are capitalized and amortized on a straight line basis uver a periud of Four years.

## v) Impairment

The company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the assets. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognized in the profit and loss account. If at the balance sheet date there is an indication that a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the asset is reflected at the recoverable amount subject to a maximum of depreciable historical cost.

## Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2023

## vi) Revenue Recognition

Revenue from service is measured using proportionate completion method and recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured.

## vii) Retirement and Other Employee Benefits

In respect of retirement benefits like gratuity, Leave encashment etc. payable to the employees at the time of retirement, liability is not provided on the actuarial basis. As the company is not providing any retirement and other employment benefit, there are no additional disclosure are provided in terms of Accounting Standard 15 'Employee Benefit'.

## viii) Foreign Currency Transactions and balances

## a. Initial Recognitiulı

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the reporting currency by applying, to the foreign currency amount, the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency at the date of transaction.

## b. Conversion

Forelgn currency monetary Items are reported using the closing rate. Non-monetary items which are carried in terms of historical cost denominated in foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of transaction; and non monetary items which are carried at fair value or other sitnildi valudulundenumilided in iutelgit tuntency are repurtea using the excnange rate that existea when the values were determined.

## c. Exchange differences

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on reporting Company's monetary items at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded during the year, or reported in previous financial statements, are recognized as income or as expenses in the year in which they arise.

## ix) Current and Deferred Tax

Tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax. Current income tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Indian Income Tax Act, 1961 enacted in India and tax laws prevailing in the respective tax jurisdictions where the company operates. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognized in accordance with accounting standard 22 'Accounting for taxation' on all the timing differences, subject to consideration of prudence in respect of deferred tax assets. Deferred tax assets are recognized and carried forward only to the extent that there is a reasonably certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized. Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. At each balance sheet date the Company re-assesses unteruguiled defentel las dssets, If any.
Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set-off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

## x) Earning Per Share

Dasheatiligs per shate die calculated by divilitg the met piufle ur luss for the perlud atributable to equily sharehulders by the welghted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

## xi) Provisions and Contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognized when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and ther'e is a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the Balance sheet date and are not discounted to its present value.
 one or more uncertain future events heyond the control nf the rompany nr a present nhligatinn that is not rerngnized heranse it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. The company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.
There is no contingent liability as on 31st March 2023
xii) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, bank accounts, fixed deposits with banks and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

## xiii) Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, where by profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cshflows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

## Share Capital

Authorized Share Capital
52,50,000 equity shares of Rs, 10/- each
Issued, Subscribed and Fully Paid-up Shares
$42,78,544$ equity shares of Rs $10 /$ - each Fully paid up
1,16,279 equity shares of Rs. 10/- each at a premium of Rs. $33 /$ - each
(March 31,2021-2139272 equity shares of Rs. 10/- each)
(March $31,2 \cup L U-11027 Y$ equity shares of Ks , $1 \mathrm{U} /$ - each at a premium of Rs $33 /$-each)
Iesued, Oubsuibud und 「ully 「uld-up Dunus Jliaies

| 31 March 2023 <br> In Rs. | 31 March 2022 <br> In Rs. |
| ---: | ---: |
| 52,500 |  |
| 42,785 |  |
|  | 42,500 |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| 42,745 | 12,786 |

a. Reconciliation of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period Equity Shares

|  | Rs, In "000" |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| 31 March 2023 |  | 31 March 2022 |  |
| In. No | In Rs. | In. N | In Rs. |
| $42,78,544$ | $4,27,85,440$ | $21,39,272$ | $2,13,92,720$ |
| - |  | $21,39,272$ | $2,13,92,720$ |
| $42,78,544$ | $4,27,85,440$ | $42,78,544$ | $4,27,85,440$ |

b. Right, Preference \& Restrictions attached to Equity Shares

Equity Shares: The Company has only one class of shares referred to as equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10/- per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.
c. Details of shares held by shareholders holding more than 5\% of the aggregate shares in the company

| 31 March 2023 |  | 31 March 2022 |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| In. No. | \% holding in the <br> class | In. Nc holding in the <br> class |  |
| $2,82,418$ | $6.60 \%$ | $2,82,418$ | $6.60 \%$ |
| $29,46,126$ | $68.86 \%$ | $29,46,126$ | $68.86 \%$ |
| $10,50,000$ | $24.54 \%$ | $10,50,000$ | $24.54 \%$ |
| $42,78,544$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{4 2 , 7 8 , 5 4 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 0 \%}$ |

As per the records of the company, including its register of shareholders / members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.
d. Shares held by promoters at the end of the year

| S.No | Promoter Name |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Alok Kumar Agarwal |
| 2 | Anju Agarwal |
| 3 | Unline Lata Management Service P vt Ltd. |


| 31 March 2023 |  | 31 March 2022 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| In. No.\% holding in the <br> class |  | In. Nc\% holding in the <br> class |  |
| 2,82,418 | 6.60\% | 2,82,418 | 6.60\% |
| 29,46,126 | 68.86\% | 29,46,126 | 68.86\% |
| 10,50,000 | 24.54\% | 10,50,000 | 24.54\% |
| 42,78,544 | 100.00\% | 42,78,544 | 100.00\% |

Reserve and Surplus

Surplue/(dulicil) in the etulernent of Proflt \& Loss
Balance as per the last financial statements
Add : Profit for the period
Issue of Bonus Shares
Net Surplus in the statement of profit and loss
Securities Premium Account
Total Reserves and Surplus

| 31 March 2023 | Rs. In "000" |
| ---: | ---: |
| In Rs. | 31 March 2022 |
| In Rs. |  |

(This space is intentionally left blank)

Long-Term Borrowings
Secured Loan
From Bank*

Unsecured Loans
C.nnvertible Debentures

From Others

| 31 March 2023 <br> In Rs. | 31 March 2022 <br> In Rs. |
| ---: | ---: |
| $\mathbf{4 0 , 7 0 0}$ | 45,782 |
|  | 33,007 |
| 13,523 | 33,003 |
| 87,229 | 77,547 |
|  | $\mathbf{1 , 5 6 , 3 3 3}$ |

6 Deferred Tax Liability/(Assets)(Net)

## Deferred Tax Liability

Fixed Assets: Impact between tax depreciation and Depreciation/amortization charged for the financial reporting.
Gross Deferred Tax Liability
Deferred Tax Assest
Fixed Assets: Impact between tax depreciation and Depreciation/amortization charged for the financial reporting.
Gross Deferred Tax Assets
Net Deferred Tax Llabillty/(Assets)

| 31 March 2023 Iull. | 31 March 2022 In M. |
| :---: | :---: |
| - | - |
| . | - |
|  | 1,840 |
| - | 1,840 |
| - | $(1,840)$ |

7 Trade Payable

Payable to MSME's
Payable to other than MSME's


As at 31/3/2023

| Particulars | Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Less than 1 Year | $\mathbf{1 - 2}$ Years | 2-3 Years | More than 3 <br> years | Total |
| Undisputed dues - MSME | - | - | - | - | - |
| Undisputed dues - Others | - | - | - | - | - |
| Disputed dues - MSME | - | - | - | - | - |
| Disputed dues - Others | - | - | - | - | - |


| Particulars | Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Less than 1 Year | 1-2 Years | 2-3 Years | More than 3 years | Total |
| Undisputed dues - MSME | 7,20,93,147 | 20,000 | - | - | 7,21,13,147 |
| Undisputed dues - Others | 5,92,50,829 | 2,60,000 | - | - | 5,95,10,829 |
| Disputed dues - MSMF: | - | - | - | - | , |
| Disputed dues - Others | - | - | - | - | - |

8 Other Current Liabilities

> Duties \& Taxes Payable
> PF \& ESI Payable
> Bank Overdraft
> Expenses Payable
> Audit Fees Payable
> Other Expenses Payable
> Salaries Payable
> Advance from Debtors
> Other Current Liabilities (Bank OD)
> TR ASC Advisors

9 Short Term Provisions

| 31 March 2023 <br> InRs. | 31 March 2022 <br> InRs. |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 13,542 |  |
| 13,542 | 12,058 |

Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

| 0 Property, Plant \& Equlpments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gross Block-Cest/ Book Value |  |  |  |  | Depreciation/Amartization |  |  |  | Net Black |  |
| Description | Opening Balance as on 1st Aprll 2021 | Additions during the year | Deduction/sale during the year | Impalrment/ reversal during the vear | $\begin{gathered} \hline \begin{array}{c} \text { Closing Balance as } \\ \text { on } 31 \text { st March } \\ 2022 \end{array} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Opening Balance as on 1st AprII 2021 | Provided during the year | Deduction/ adjustments during the vear | Closing Balance as on 31st March 2022 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Balance as on } \\ 31 \mathrm{st} \text { March } \\ 2022 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Balance as on } \\ \text { 31st March } \\ 2021 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
|  | Rs. | Hs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | R, | R ${ }_{\text {c }}$ | Rts, | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. |
|  | $\wedge$ | B | c | D | $E=A+B \cdot C \cdot D$ | F | G | H | $\mathrm{f}=\mathrm{F}+\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{F}$ If | $1=5.1$ | $\mathrm{K}=\boldsymbol{\lambda} \cdot \mathrm{F}$ |
| Intanglble Asset | 9.000 | * | - | - | 9,000 | 6.339 | 87 | 6,326 | 0 | 2,674 | 2,761 |
| Computer \& Printer | 95,39.021 | 1,186 | - | . | 95,40,207 | 77,23,334 | 5,33,905 | - | 82,57,239 | 12,82,968 | 18,15,687 |
| Furniture and Pixtures | 45,42,262 | 15,600 | * | - | 45,57.862 | 35,85,294 | 2,45,176 | . | 38,30,469 | 7,27,392 | 9,56,968 |
| Vehicle | 92,97,606 | - | 14,39,808 | - | 78,57.799 | 62,54,765 | 7,37.690 | 12,14.133 | 57,78,323 | 20,79,475 | 30,42,841 |
| Bulding | 57,30,956 | $\rightarrow$ | , | - | 57,30,956 | 39,24,271 | 1,71,635 | , | 40,95,906 | 16,35,050 | 18,06,685 |
| Office Equipment | 90,46,758 | 8,44,818 | , | - | 98,91,576 | 77,64,161 | 3,21,829 | . | 80,85,990 | 18,05,585 | 12,82,597 |
| Current Year | 3.81,65,602 | 8,61,604 | 14,39,808 | . | 3,75,87,398 | 2.92,58,064 | 20,10,322 | 12,20,459 | 3,00,47,927 | 75,33,145 | 89,07,538 |
| Previous Year | 3,49,73,737 | 12,80,803 | - | . | 3,61,54,140 | 2,21,14,152 | 38,36,200 | - | 2,39,50,351 | 1,02,03,767 | 1,28.59.185 |

## Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2023

| Non Current Investmen |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Equly Share |
|  |  |
| Equly Share of ASC Advisory Services Pvi Ltd |  |
| Equity Share of Asc Outsourclng Put Led |  |
| Equily Share of ASC Sourding solutons |  |
| Equily Share of ESP Frecdo |  |
| Equlty Share of Reyaansh Oil And Gas Services Private Limilted Equity Sharce of Friat Desipn |  |
|  |  |
| Equity Share or Aadhavan Energy Private Limited |  |
| Equily Stare of Kayval Vislon Fund Put Led |  |
| Vertigous Consultant Private LImited |  |
| Other livestments |  |
| vama vision trust |  |
| Share Application IPO |  |
| Silunit Stoch frokers Limated |  |
| Shamken Splineers Limited |  |
|  | Wealth Discovery |


| Sor. | $\begin{aligned} & 21 \text { Manth } 2023 \\ & \text { In } \mathrm{FLz} \end{aligned}$ | Nas | $\begin{gathered} 31 \text { Marcht } 2027 \\ \mathrm{taRa} . \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Untrpeno | 4.000 | 4.89999900 | 4.900 |
| sssmaon | 556 | 5,100.00 | 556 |
| crisenco | 425 | 11.000.00 | 4.35 |
| 2, 20, 39000 | 2106 | 5.100 .00 | 2,106 |
| Q180.00 | \% | 5,100.00 | 92 |
| s,avs.ne | 100 | 9,99900 | 100 |
| \$10080 | 31 | 5.10000 | 51 |
| 10,000.00 | 100 | 10.00000 | 100 |
| 60,00080 | 600 | 40,00000 | 400 |
| S00.00 | 5 | 500.00 | 5 |
|  | scoso |  |  |
|  | 576 |  |  |
|  | 100 |  | 100 |
|  |  |  | 22,000 |
|  | 20530 |  | ${ }^{3461688}$ |
| 1274 | 9, 450 | 512 | ${ }_{68885}$ |

12 Long Term/Short Term Loans and Advances
(Unseaured Constdered good untess otherwise stated)
Securtity Daporif
Sevarty for Marntrnance nf Proprrity
Loan to Subsidlary


Tir sorifnemprinto Limititi
CHEEY COMMERCLAL COMPANY LTO
Oallne Dat Management Services Pvi Lrid
Tuc Services Pvidud (V)-Loan \& Adv
ASS: insolvangy Setrvices LuP
Advance to Enployec
Other Loan and ndvance
Balanees with Statutory/Government Authorities
TDS Recelvables for FF 23.24
TDS Recelvables for FY 21.22
Refund of Income Tax
ax Relmbursement

| Moucurman |  | Curmer |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 31March2033 } \\ & \text { Inlli } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 31 \text { Marsh } 2022 \\ & \ln \mathrm{H}_{5} . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11 \text { Manh } 2023 \\ \text { minh } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| 2.412 | 15.516 |  |  |
| a) | 26 |  |  |
| (10)408 | (134 |  |  |
| 10.80 | 2300 |  |  |
| (3sue) |  |  |  |
| 3643 | 19,100 |  |  |
| Lers, ${ }_{\text {(17) }}$ |  |  |  |
| (axoss |  |  |  |
| (12.00s) |  |  |  |
|  |  | 197 | 413 |
| 22,71 |  | 100 | 100 |
|  |  | - |  |
|  |  | 137\% | 13,23 |
|  |  | $26)$ |  |
|  |  | (13) | 2.429 |
|  |  | (78) | ${ }^{62}$ |
|  |  | 142 | 252 |
| 12,09,77,007 | 3,40,49,293 | 1788.12.619 | 1,70,07,151 |

Inventirier
Thiud arsower of cose and net reolizabie volue)
Inventories
As certified by management)

Trado Recselvables
(Unseeured Considrred good uniess ocherwiso stited)
Secured, Constder good
Unsecured. Conssder good
14


| Pardiculars | Outstanding for following perinds from the date of payment |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Less than 6 manths | $\begin{aligned} & 6 \text { manths to } \\ & 1 \text { vear } \end{aligned}$ | 1.2 years | 2.3 years | Morethan 3 Yeary | Total |
| (1) Undseputerd Trade treceivabies ranciderwif mond | 657,42,740 | $\square$ | . | . | \%. | 6.57,42740 |
| (4] Undisputed Trade Recejvables-considered doubrif! | - | . | . | . | . |  |
| (iii) Disputed Trade Recelvables considered good | $\square$ | . | . | . | . |  |


|  | Outstandthg for foilowtug periode from the date of payment |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Partewlars | Less thath 6 manths | $\begin{aligned} & 6 \text { manths to } \\ & 1 \text { year } \end{aligned}$ | 1.2 years | 2.3 years | $\text { More than }{ }^{3}$ <br> Years | Total |
| (t) Undisputed Trade recelvables- considered good | 123320434 | 66.72845 |  |  | . | 1299.93279 |
| (ili) Undisputed Trade Recelvables-considered doubtrul | . | . |  |  | . | $\square$ |
| (iil) Disputed Trade Receivables consldered good | . | . |  |  | . |  |
| (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtrul |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Cash and bank balances
Balances with hanks
On Current Accoun
Depost with Bank
Cash in Hand
15


Other Current Assets
Advance to Vendors
Iaput Gis
Dividend Recelvable
16

| $\begin{gathered} 31 \text { March } 2023 \\ \text { lifis } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 21 March } 2022 \\ \text { In Bs. } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 12357 | 172301 |
| 123 | 44 |
| 18729 | 1,72,837 |

Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2023

17 Revenue from Operations

Sale of Services
Sale of Goods
Revenue from operations (net)

18 Other Income

Interest Inconte
Interest on Income Tax Refund
Dividend Income
Gain from Shares and Mutual Funds
Oher Income
Gamen bilulu ul Gu'
19. Cost of Consumables

Inventory at the beginning of the year
Add: Purchases during the year

Less: Inventory at the end of the year

20
Employee Benefit Expenses

Salaries, Wages and Bonus*
Staff Welfare Expenses
Employer Contribution ESI \& PF
*Salaries, wages and bonus include EPF and ESI contribution of employee

21 Finance Costs

I'lactuation l'úl | igu Lsulange Rate DIf |
| :---: |

Inter es un Cai Luain
luterestull Overdidt
Banle Chargeo
Interest On Other Luan

| 31 March 2023 <br> In R. | 31 March 2022 <br> In I.s. |
| ---: | ---: |
| 1 |  |
| 1,693 | 42 |
| 18 | 1,309 |
| 1,508 | 266 |
| 3,283 | 384 |

Depreciation and Amortization Expenses

Depreciation on Property, Plant \& Equipments

$\left.$| 31 March 2023 |
| ---: | ---: |
| In Rs. | | 31 March 2022 |
| ---: |
| In Rs. | \right\rvert\, | 3,308 |  |
| ---: | ---: |
| 2,010 | 3,308 |
| 2,010 |  |

Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2023

## Other Expenses

Audit Fee (Refer Note No. 22.1)
Repair \& Maintenance Expenses
Computer
Vehicle
Software Expenses
Others
Consultancy Charges
Fee and Legal Expenses
Conveyance \& Travelling Expenses Local
Communication Expenses
Business Promotion Expenses
Commission
Ullice Lapeures
Electricity and Water Charges
Printing of Statinnery Fypensos
Insurance Charges
Statutory Expenses
Rent, Rate and Taxes
Membership and Subscription Fee
Loss on Foreign Currency Exchange
Donation
Others expense
Professional fees

### 23.1 Payment to Auditors

| 31 March 2023 <br> In Rs. | 31 March 2022 <br> In Rs. |
| ---: | ---: |
| 30 | 30 |
| 30 | 30 |


| Rs. In "000" |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 31 March 2023 In Rs. | $31 \text { March } 2022$ In Rs. |
| 30 | 30 |
| 7 | 2,296 |
|  | 3 |
| 2,817 |  |
| 4,624 | 1,849 |
| 31,886 | 21,328 |
| 3,883 | 2,994 |
| 6,560 | 3,883 |
| 416 | 490 |
| 1,994 | 5,189 |
|  | 100 |
| 73 | 2,092 |
| 3,176 | 2,907 |
| 923 | 1,012 |
| 1,164 | 899 |
| 639 | 333 |
| 12,042 | 8,367 |
|  | 150 |
|  | 63 |
| 10,005 |  |
| 6,461 |  |
| 86,607 | 54,686 |

Statutory Audit Fees

24 Earnings Per Share

Earnings Attributable to Equity Share Holders
Weighted average number of Equity Shares
Basic Earnings per share

| 31 March 2023 <br> In Rs. | 31 March 2022 <br> In Rs. |
| ---: | ---: |
| 35,741 | 36,407 |
| 4,279 | 4,279 |
| $\mathbf{8 . 3 5}$ | $\mathbf{8 . 5 1}$ |

